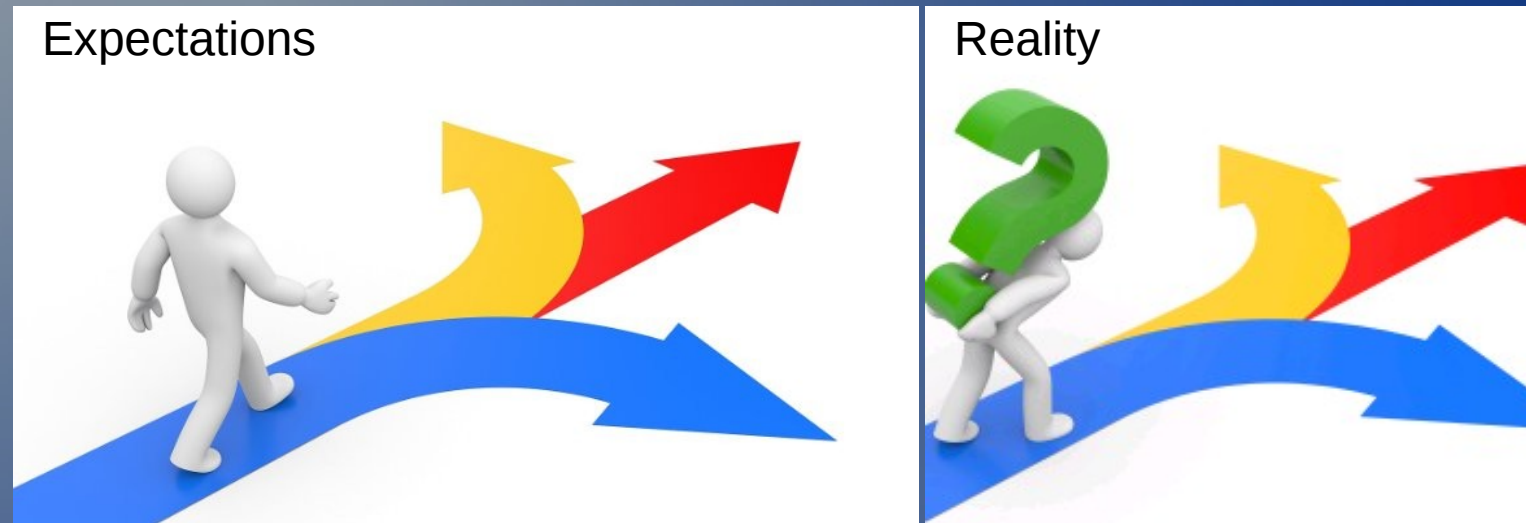


# The Evolutionary Pathways of Dwarf Galaxies

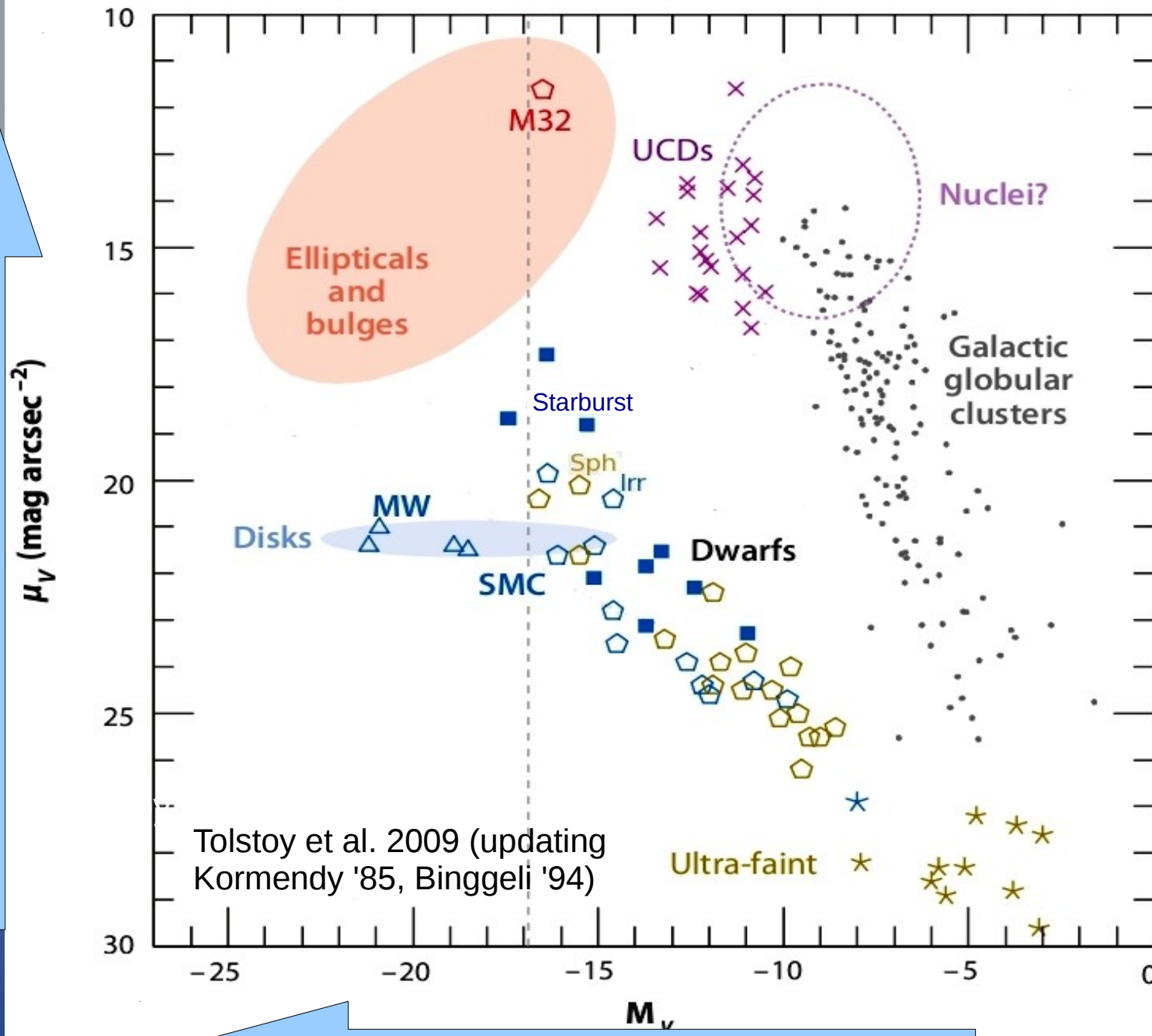


Federico Lelli

Astronomy Department, Case Western Reserve University,  
Cleveland, Ohio

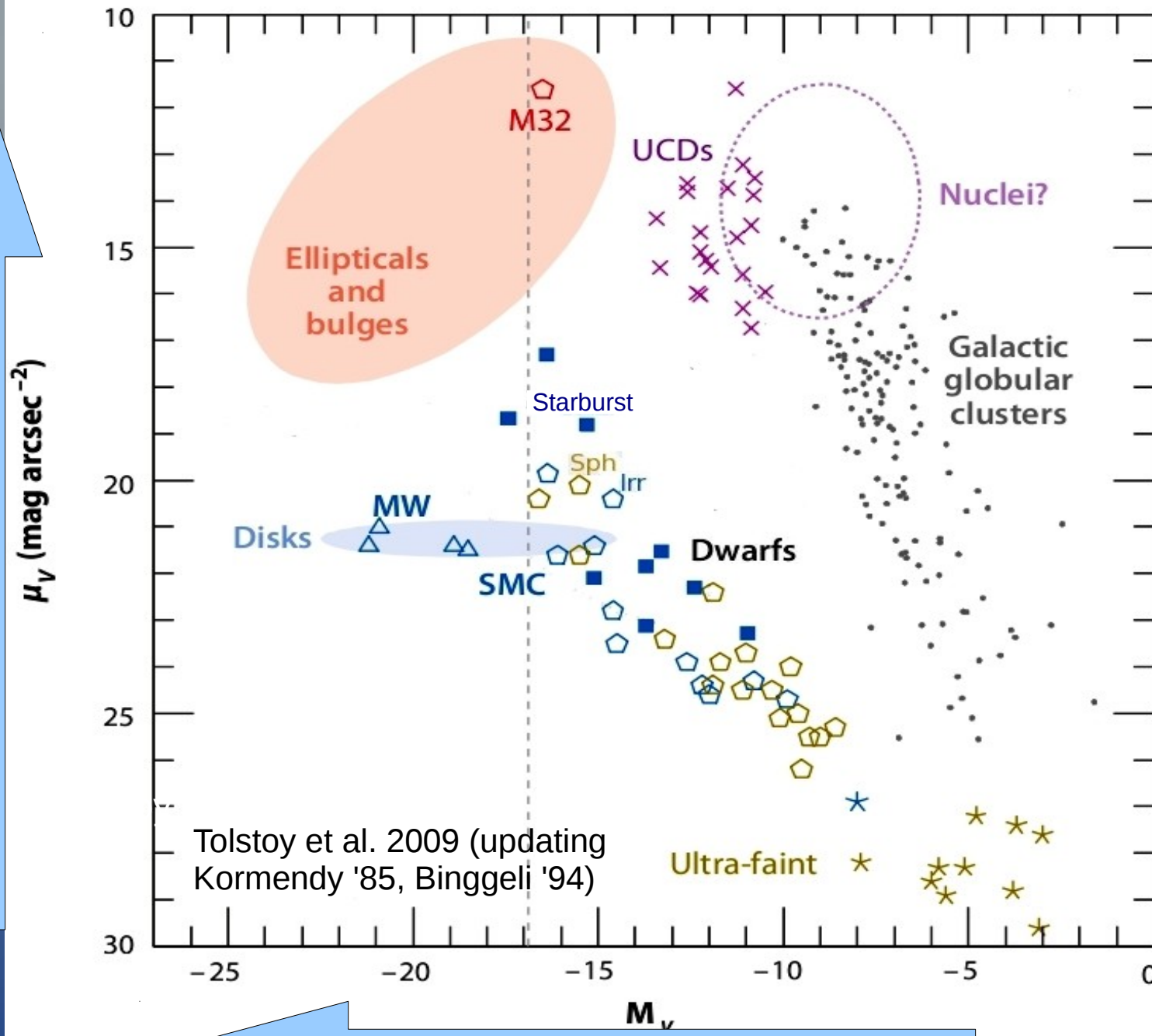
**Main Collaborators:** Marc Verheijen, Filippo Fraternali, Renzo Sancisi, Stacy McGaugh, Kristen McQuinn, Evan Skillman, Pierre-Alain Duc, Elias Brinks, Ute Lisenfeld & more

Central Stellar Density



Total Stellar Mass

Central Stellar Density

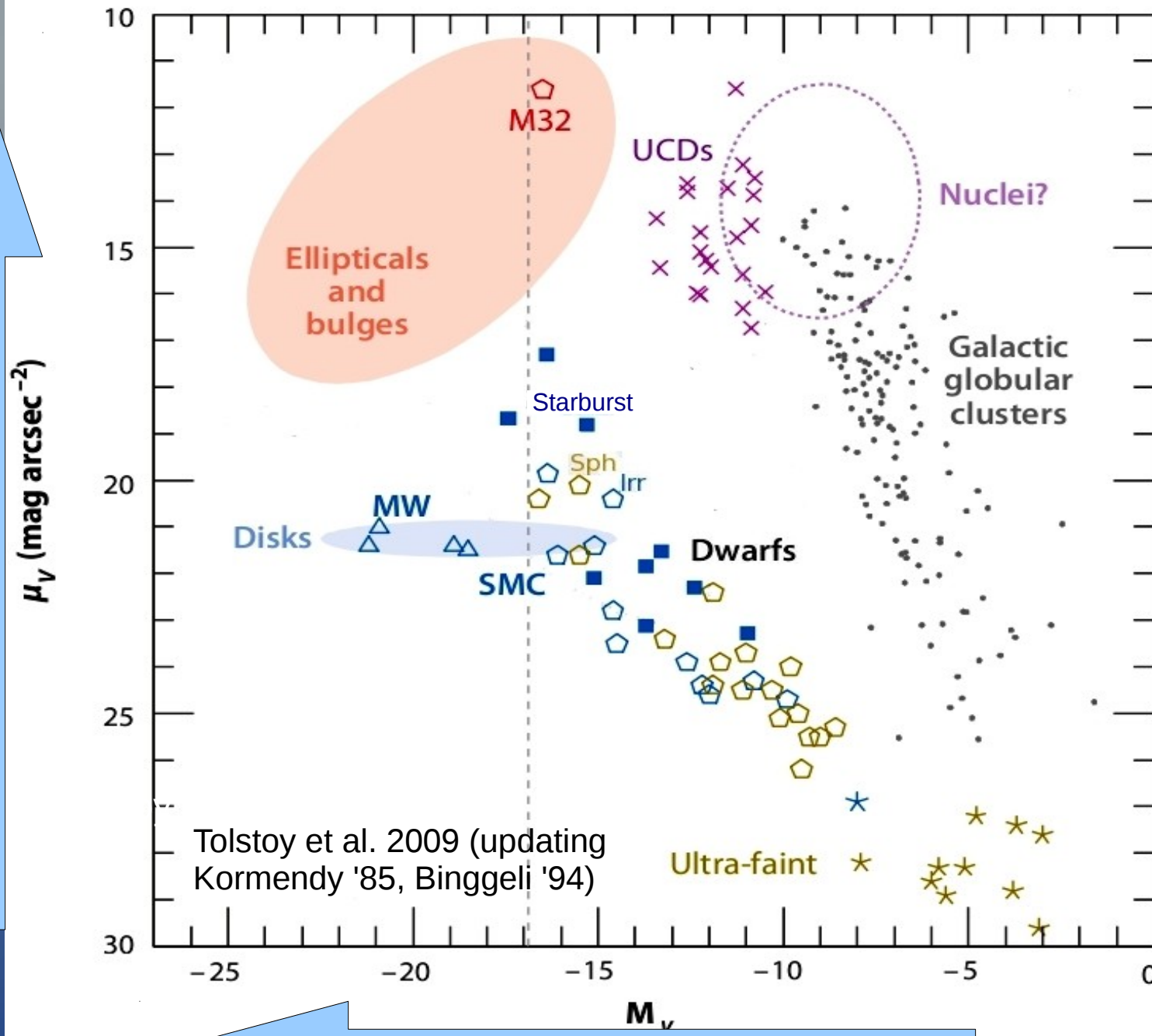


Sph/dE

No Gas - No SF

Total Stellar Mass

Central Stellar Density



Sph/dE

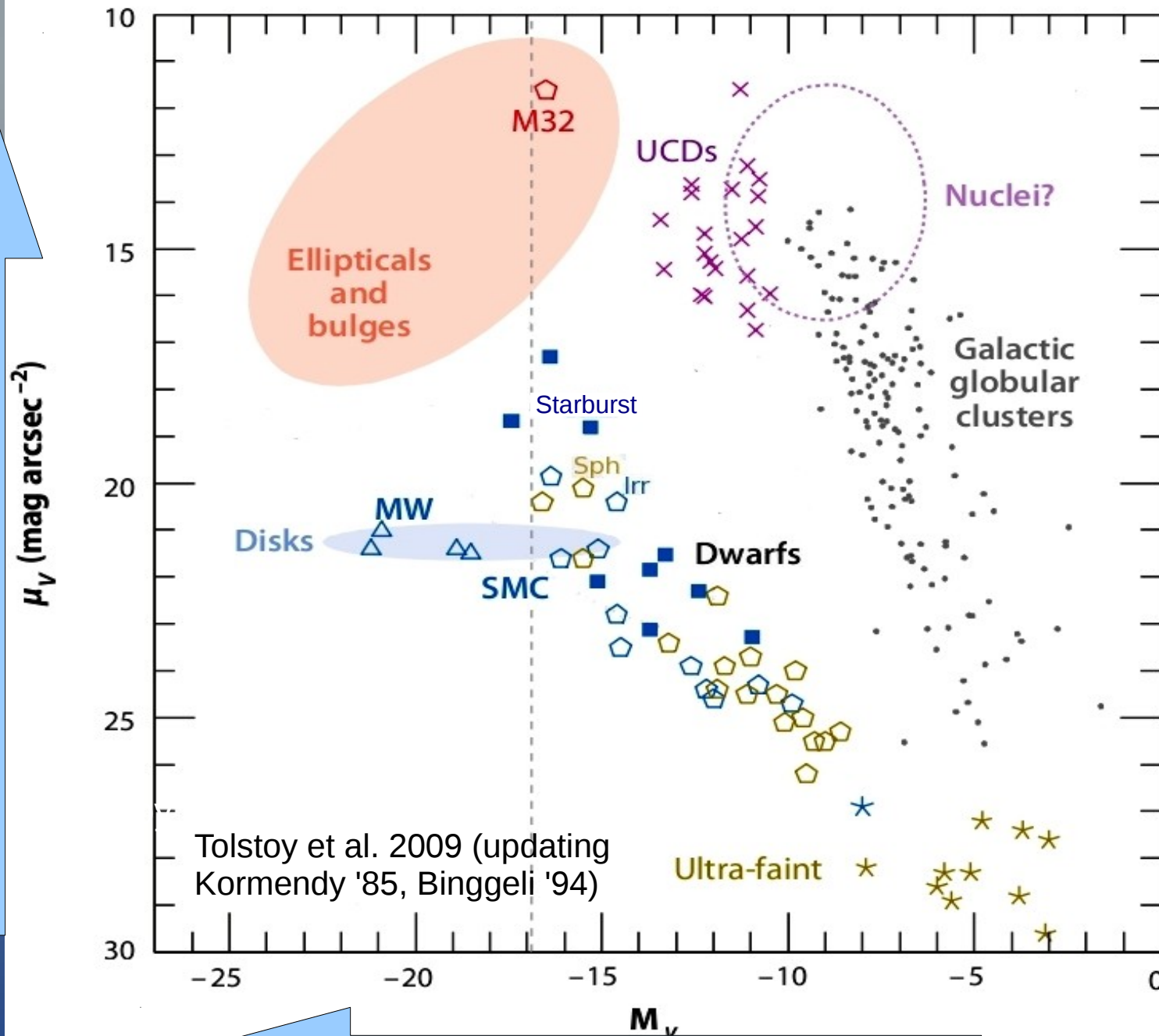
No Gas - No SF

Irregular

Gas - Moderate SF

Total Stellar Mass

Central Stellar Density



Total Stellar Mass

Sph/dE

No Gas - No SF

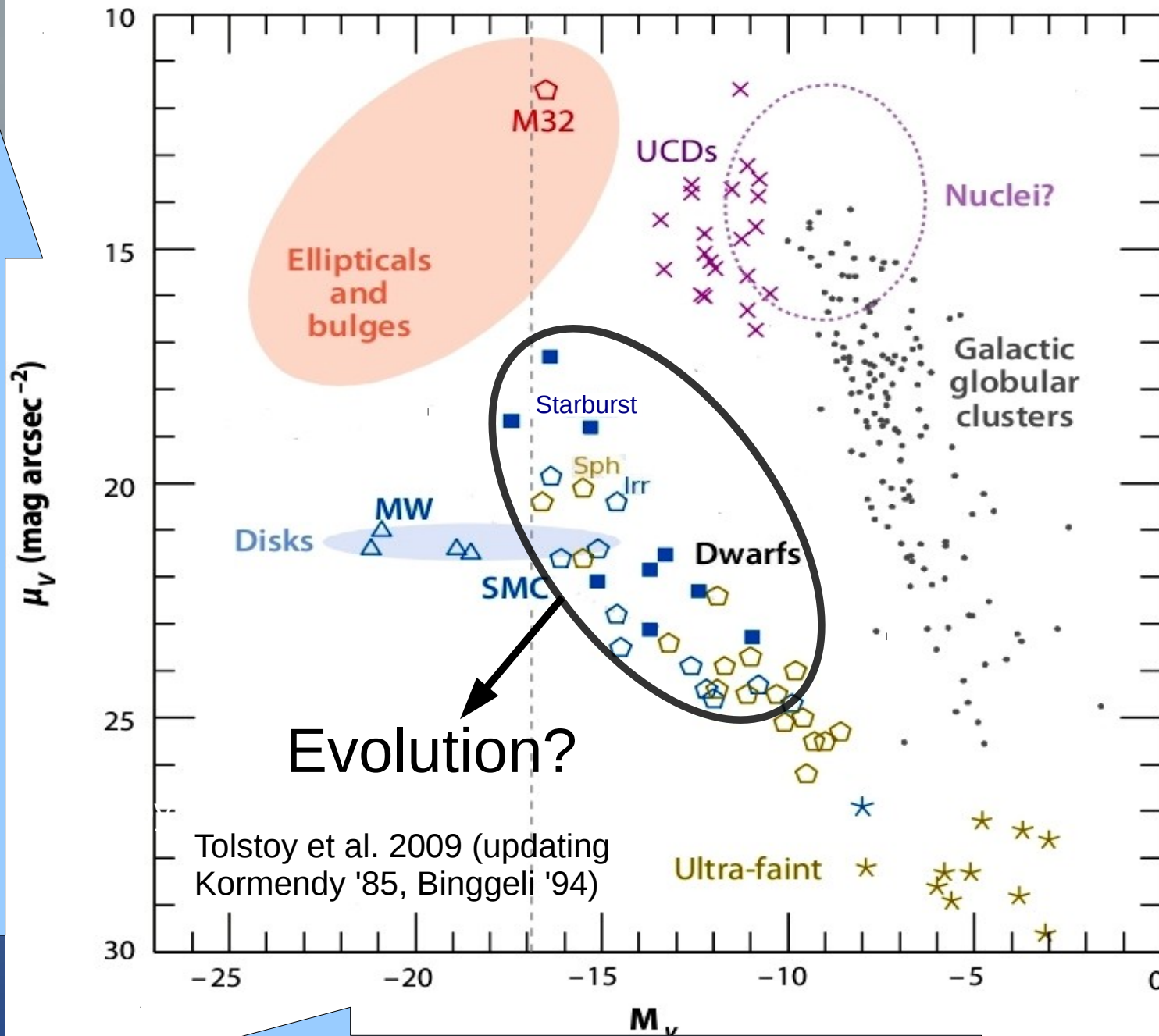
Irregular

Gas - Moderate SF

Starburst/BCD

Gas - High SF

Central Stellar Density



Total Stellar Mass

Sph/dE

No Gas - No SF

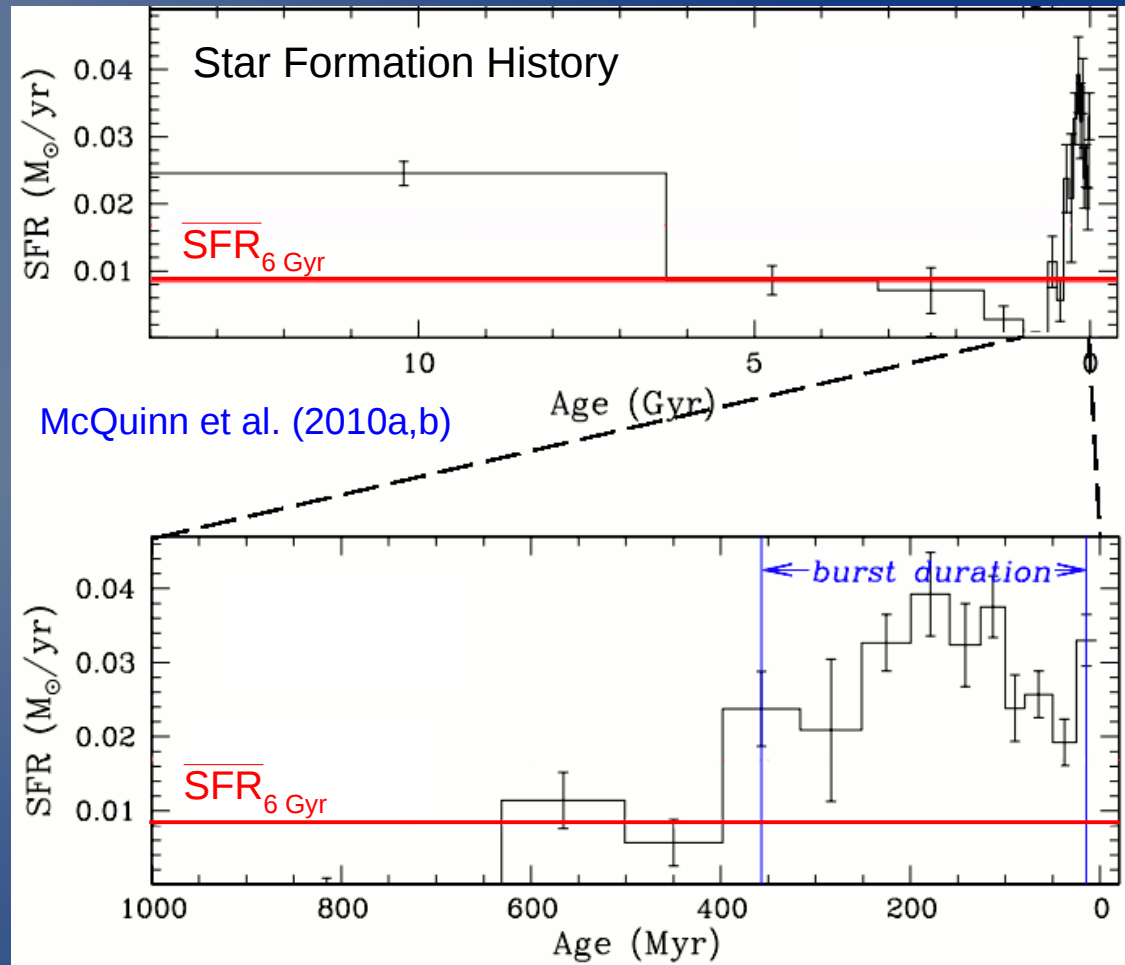
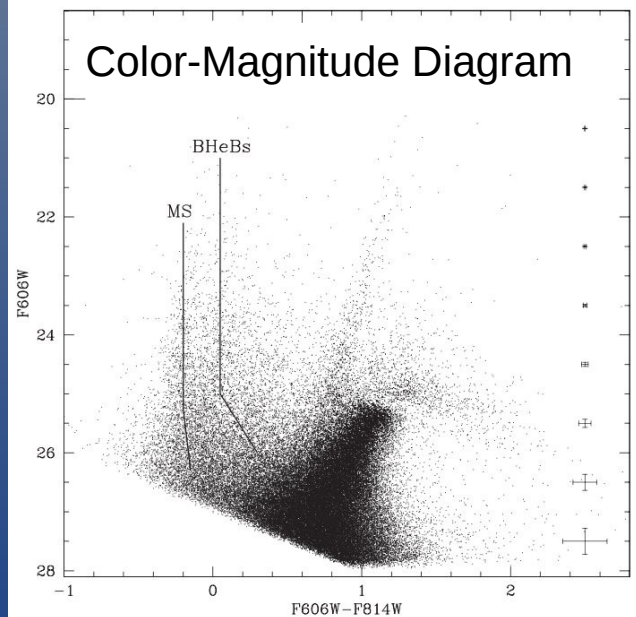
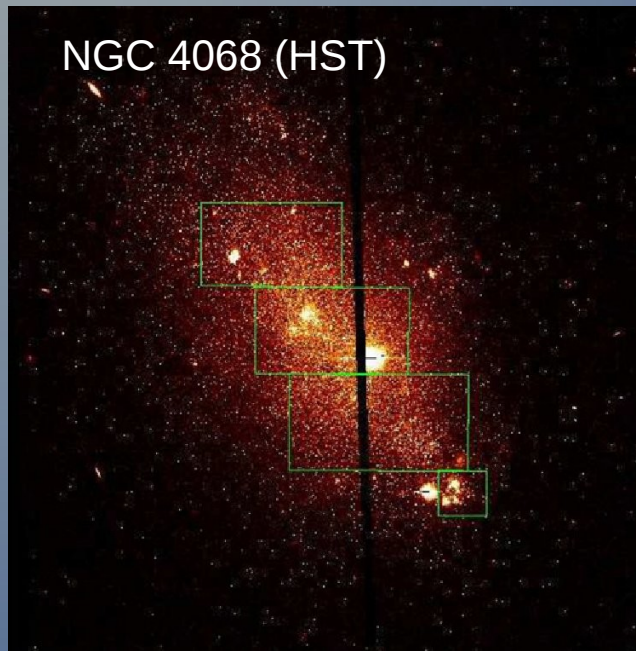
Irregular

Gas - Moderate SF

Starburst/BCD

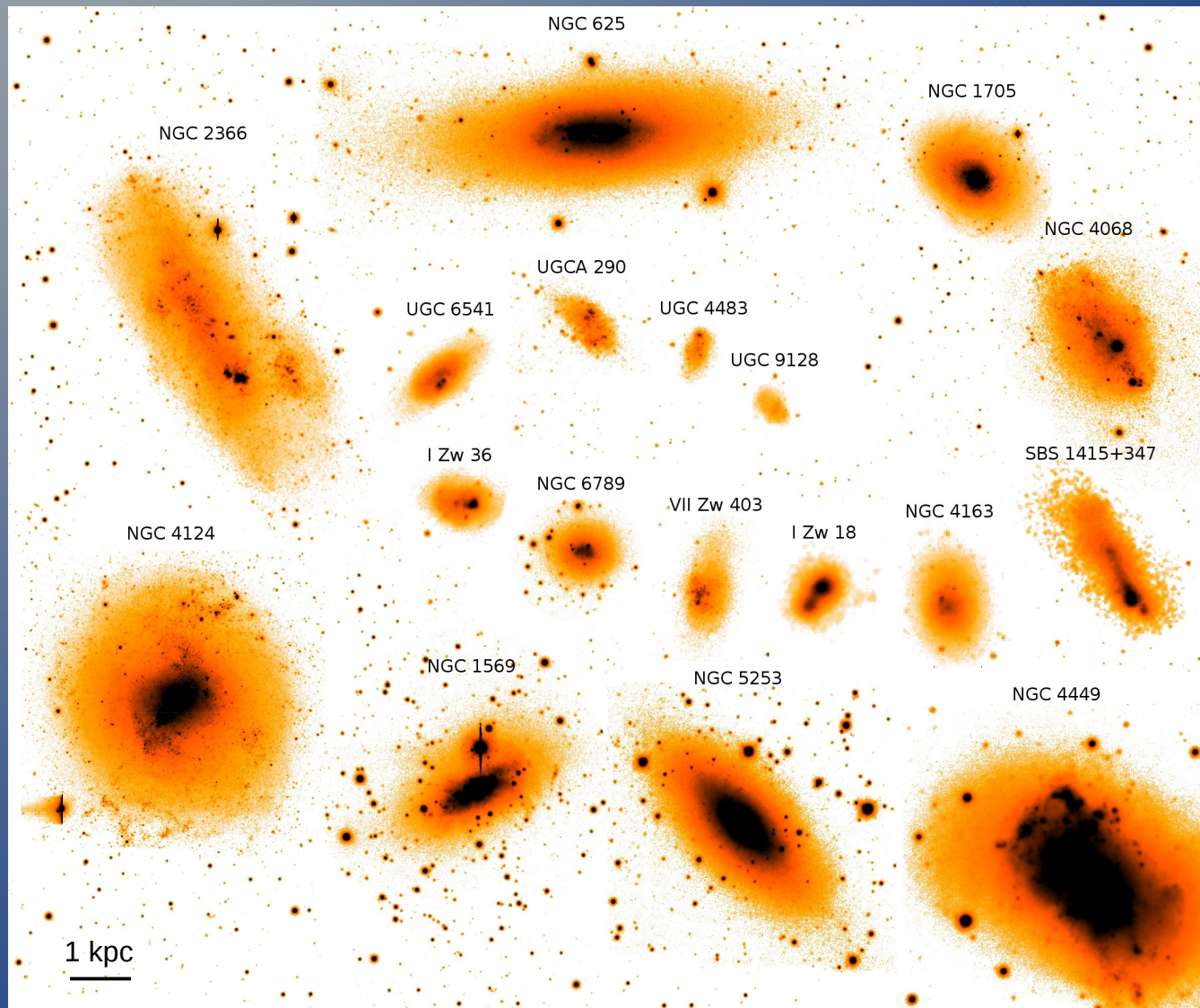
Gas - High SF

# SF Properties of Starburst Dwarfs



- $b = \text{SFR}(t_{\text{peak}}) / \overline{\text{SFR}}_{6 \text{ Gyr}} \sim 3-10$
- Starburst timescales (few 100 Myr)
- E from SN & stellar winds ( $\sim 10^{56}$  ergs)

# Sample of 18 Starburst Dwarfs



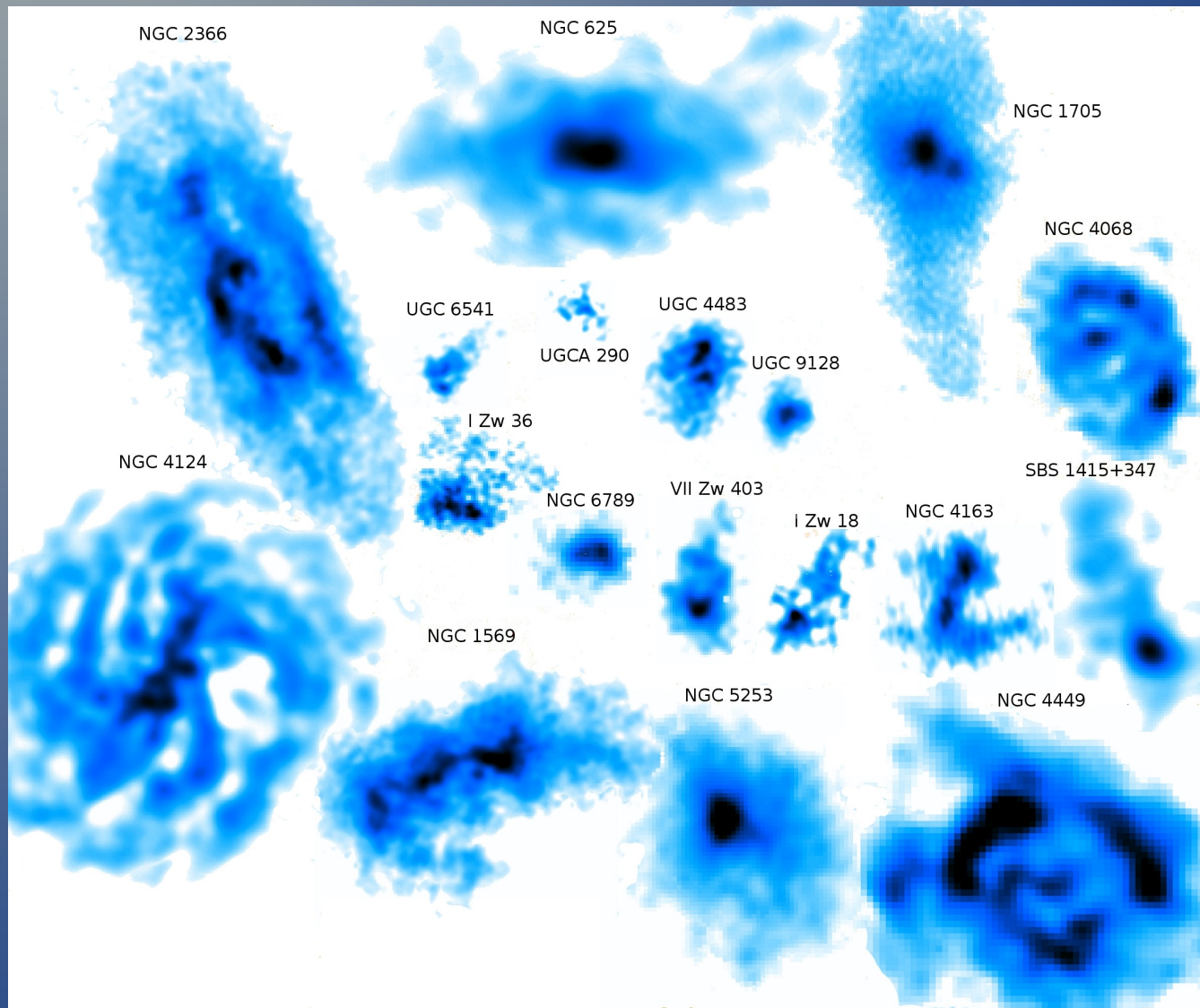
**Resolved into single stars by HST obs:**

- Distance  $\approx 2\text{-}10$  Mpc
- Star Formation History
- $b = \text{SFR}(t_{\text{peak}})/\overline{\text{SFR}} \geq 3$

Lelli et al. (2012a,b; 2014a,b,c)

$$M_* \approx 10^7 - 10^9 M_{\odot} \quad R_{\text{opt}} \approx 0.5 - 5 \text{ kpc}$$

# Sample of 18 Starburst Dwarfs



**Resolved into single stars by HST obs:**

- Distance  $\approx 2\text{-}10$  Mpc
- Star Formation History
- $b = \text{SFR}(t_{\text{peak}})/\overline{\text{SFR}} \geq 3$

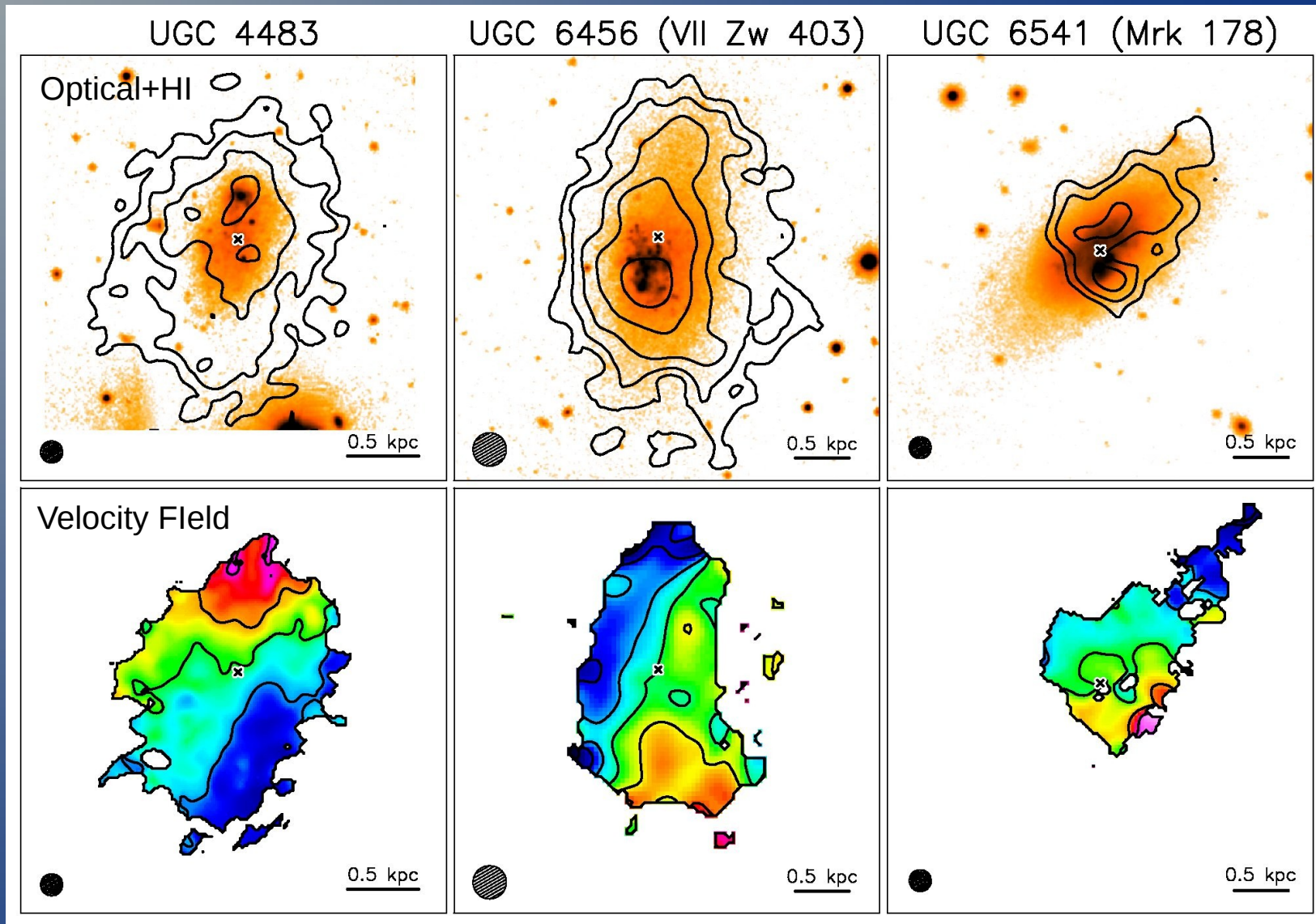
**21-cm line obs (VLA, WSRT, ATCA):**

- HI distribution
- HI kinematics

Lelli et al. (2012a,b; 2014a,b,c)

$$M_* \approx 10^7 - 10^9 M_{\odot} \quad R_{\text{opt}} \approx 0.5 - 5 \text{ kpc}$$

# Inner HI Structure of Starburst Dwarfs

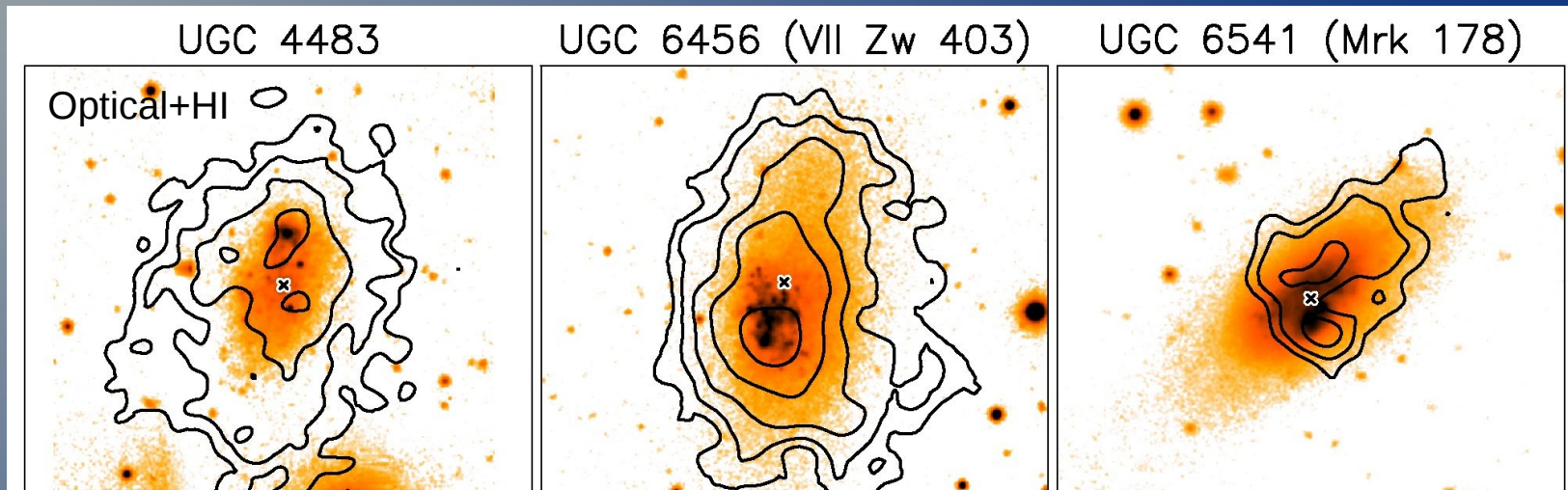


~50%  
rotating HI disk

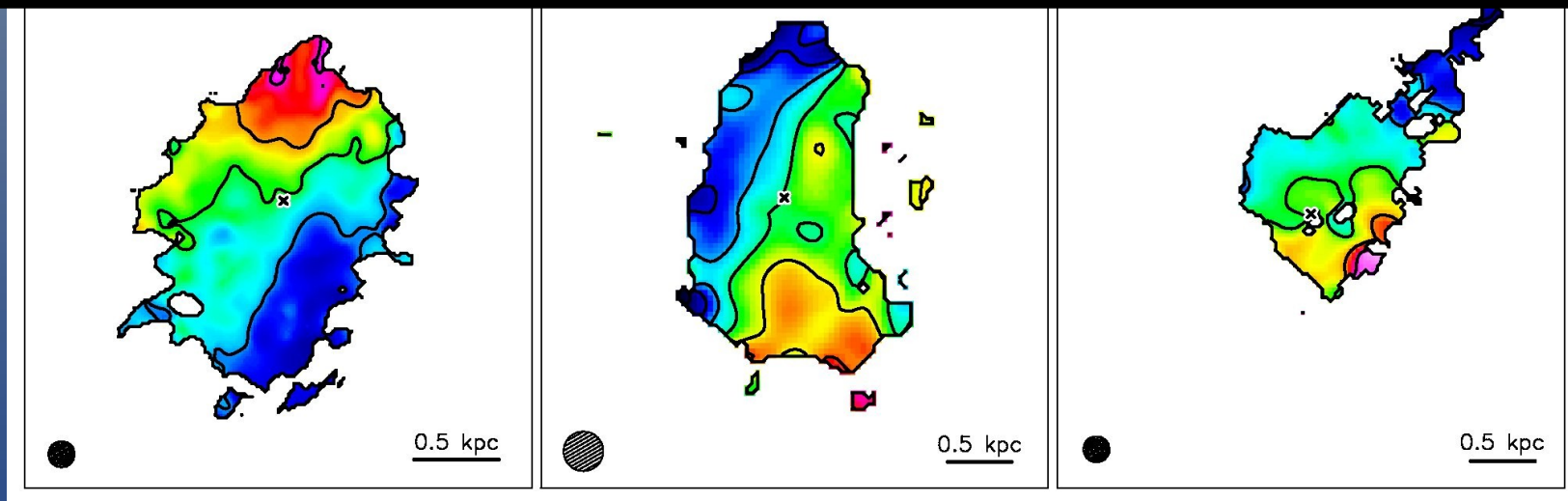
~40%  
kin. disturbed HI disk

~10%  
unsettled HI distr.

# Inner HI Structure of Starburst Dwarfs



**Starburst Dwarf Galaxies do NOT explode!**

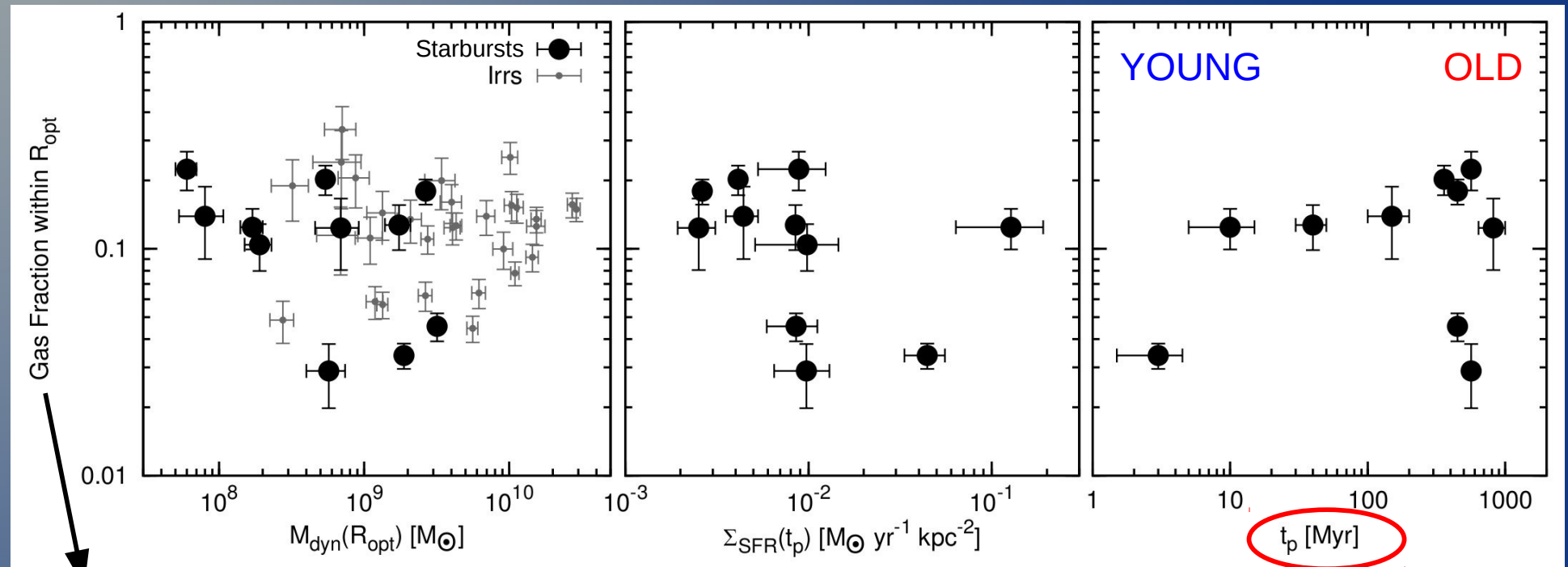


~50%  
rotating HI disk

~40%  
kin. disturbed HI disk

~10%  
unsettled HI distr.

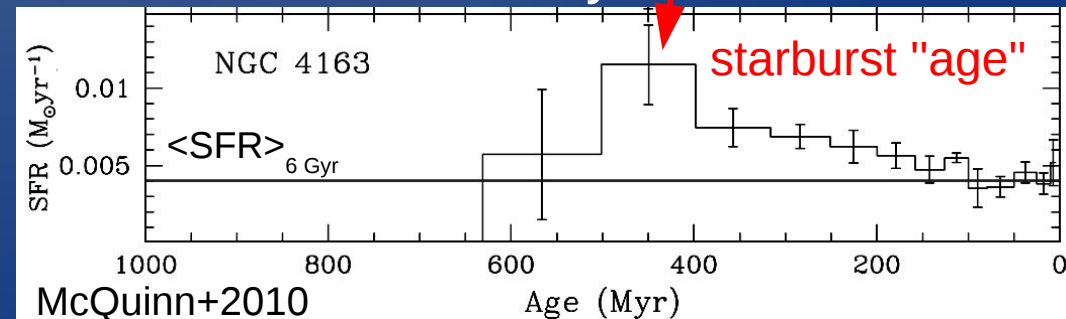
# Gas Fractions: Starbursts vs Irrs



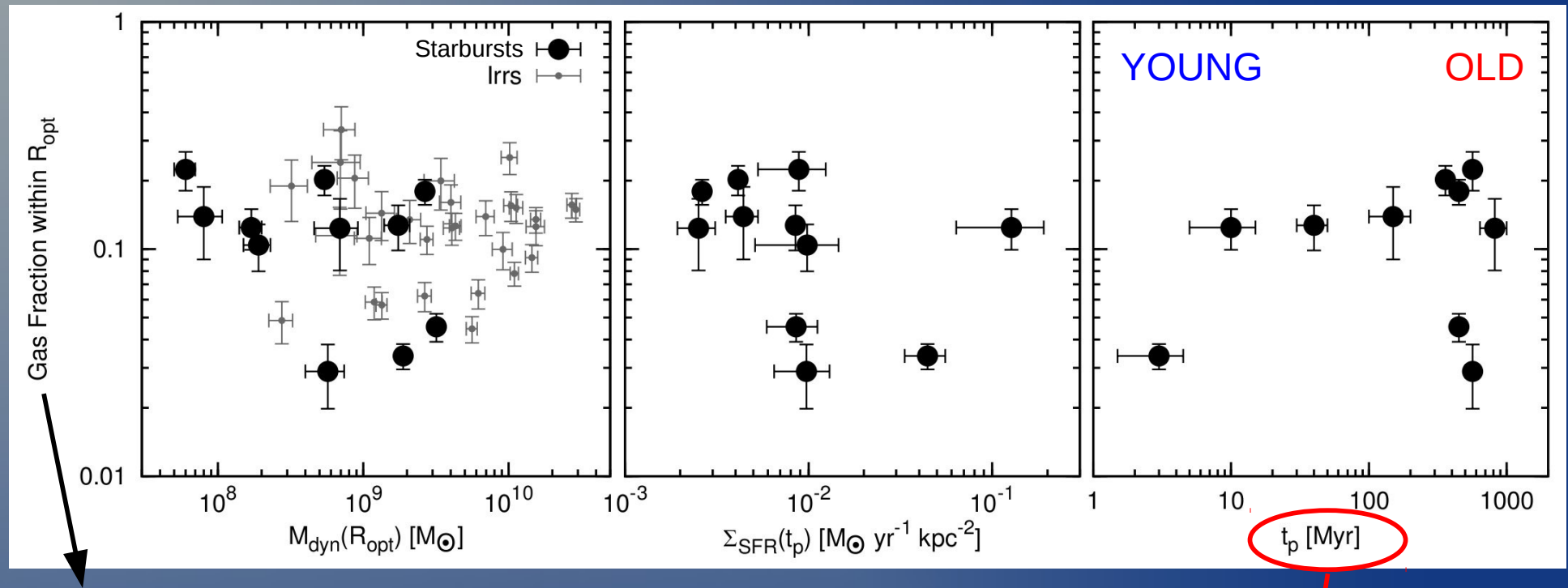
$M_{\text{gas}}/M_{\text{dyn}}$  within  $R_{\text{opt}}$

Lelli+2014b, A&A (Irrs from Swaters+2009)

## Star-Formation History



# Gas Fractions: Starbursts vs Irrs



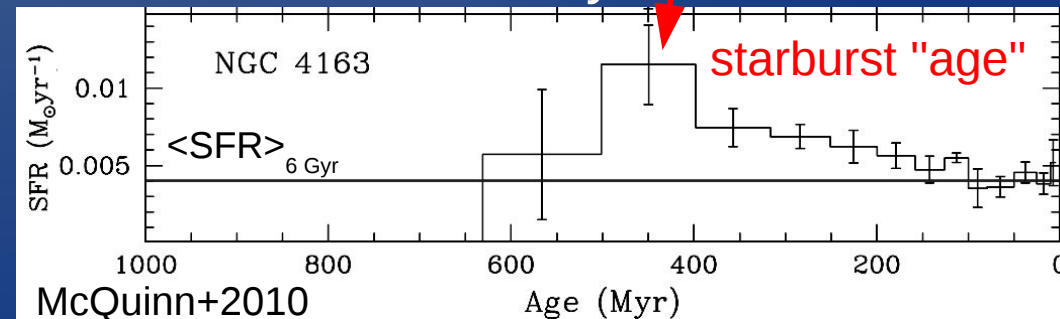
$M_{\text{gas}}/M_{\text{dyn}}$  within  $R_{\text{opt}}$

Lelli+2014b, A&A (Irrs from Swaters+2009)

Similar gas fraction as typical Irr:

- No evidence for massive outflows
- $t_{\text{dep}} = M_{\text{gas}}/\text{SFR} = 3\text{-}10 \text{ Gyr}$  for BCDs  
=  $10\text{-}100 \text{ Gyr}$  for Irrs

Star-Formation History

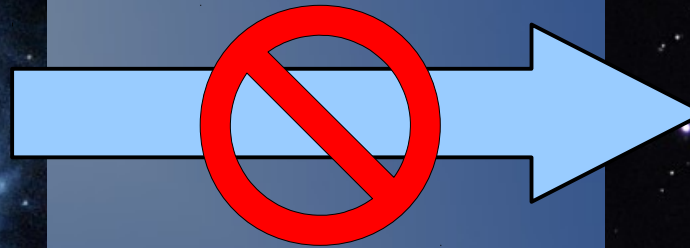


## Gas-rich Dwarf

I Zw 18

### Internal Processes:

- Starvation/SF
- Stellar Feedback  
(e.g. Dekel & Silk 1986)



## Gas-poor Sph/dE

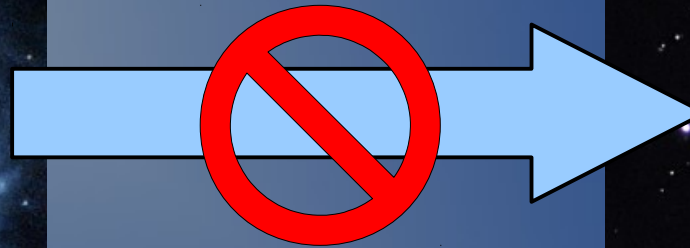
NGC 205

# Gas-rich Dwarf

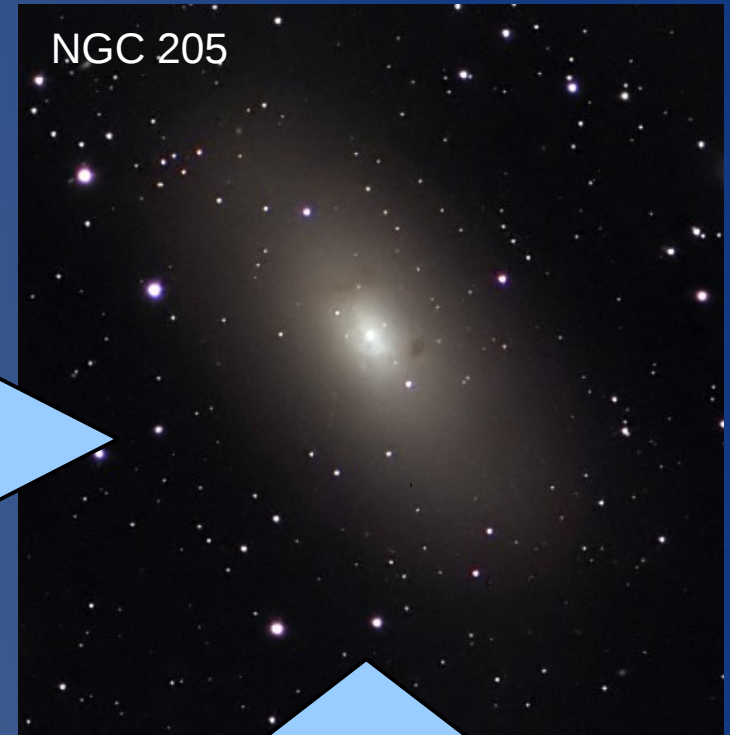


## Internal Processes:

- Starvation/SF
- Stellar Feedback  
(e.g. Dekel & Silk 1986)

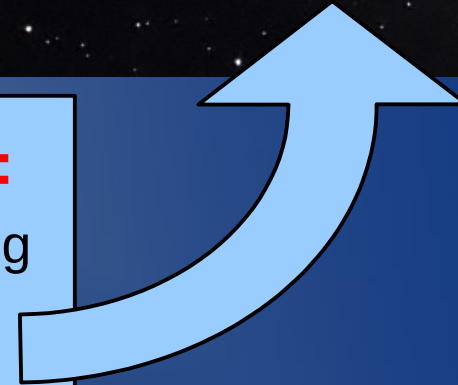


# Gas-poor Sph/dE

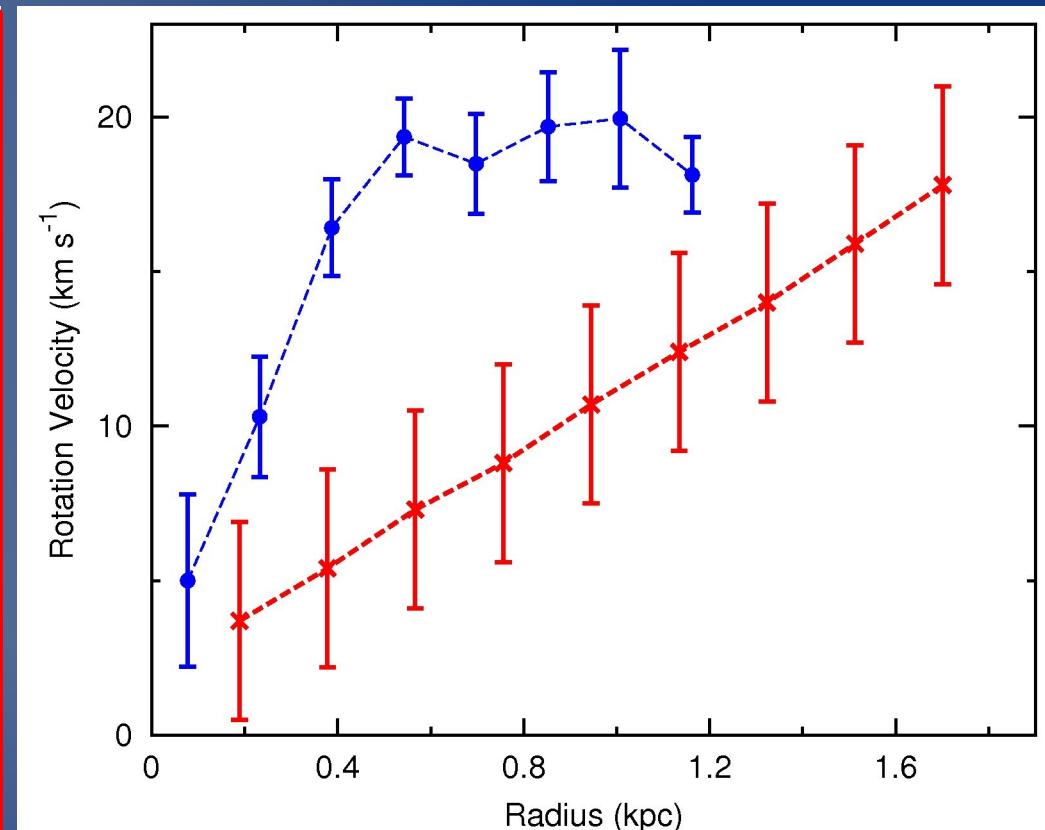
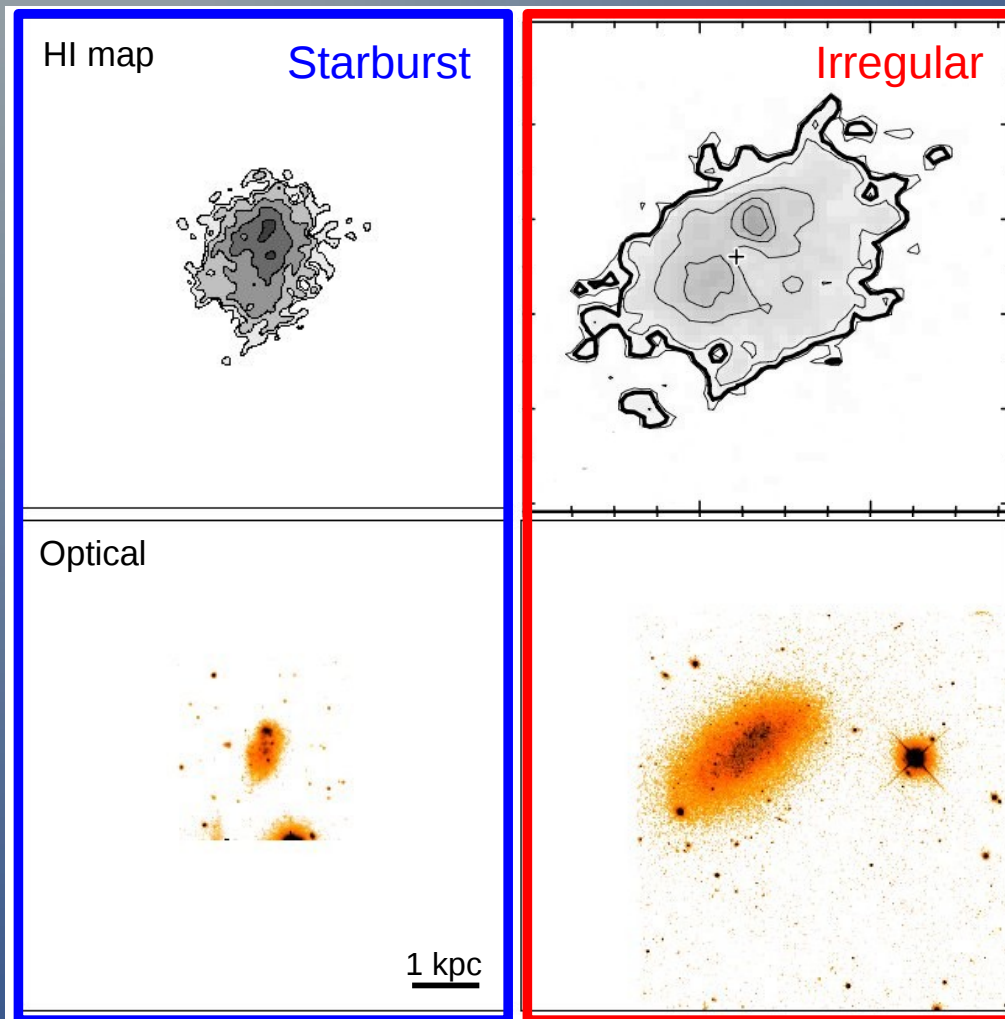


## External Processes:

- Ram-Pressure Stripping  
(e.g. Gunn & Gott 1972)
- Galaxy Harassment  
(e.g. Moore+1998)
- Tidal Stirring  
(e.g. Mayer+2006)



# Rotation Curves: Starbursts vs Irrs

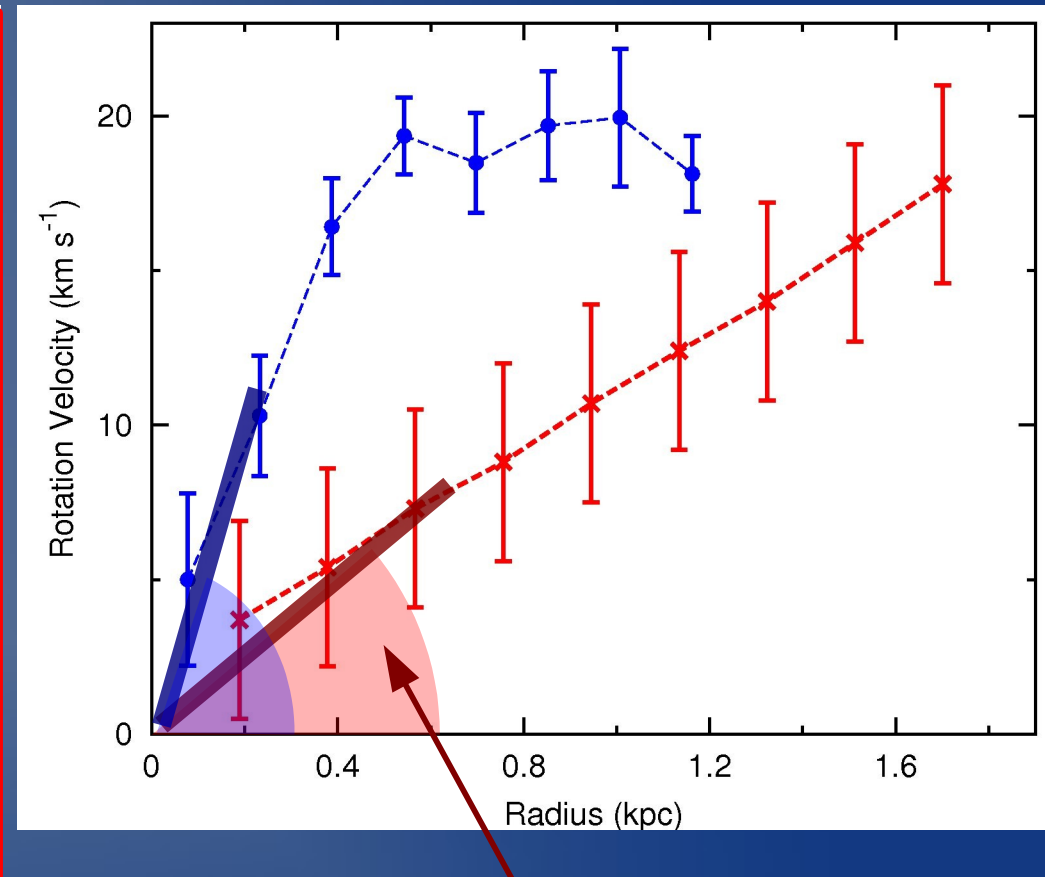
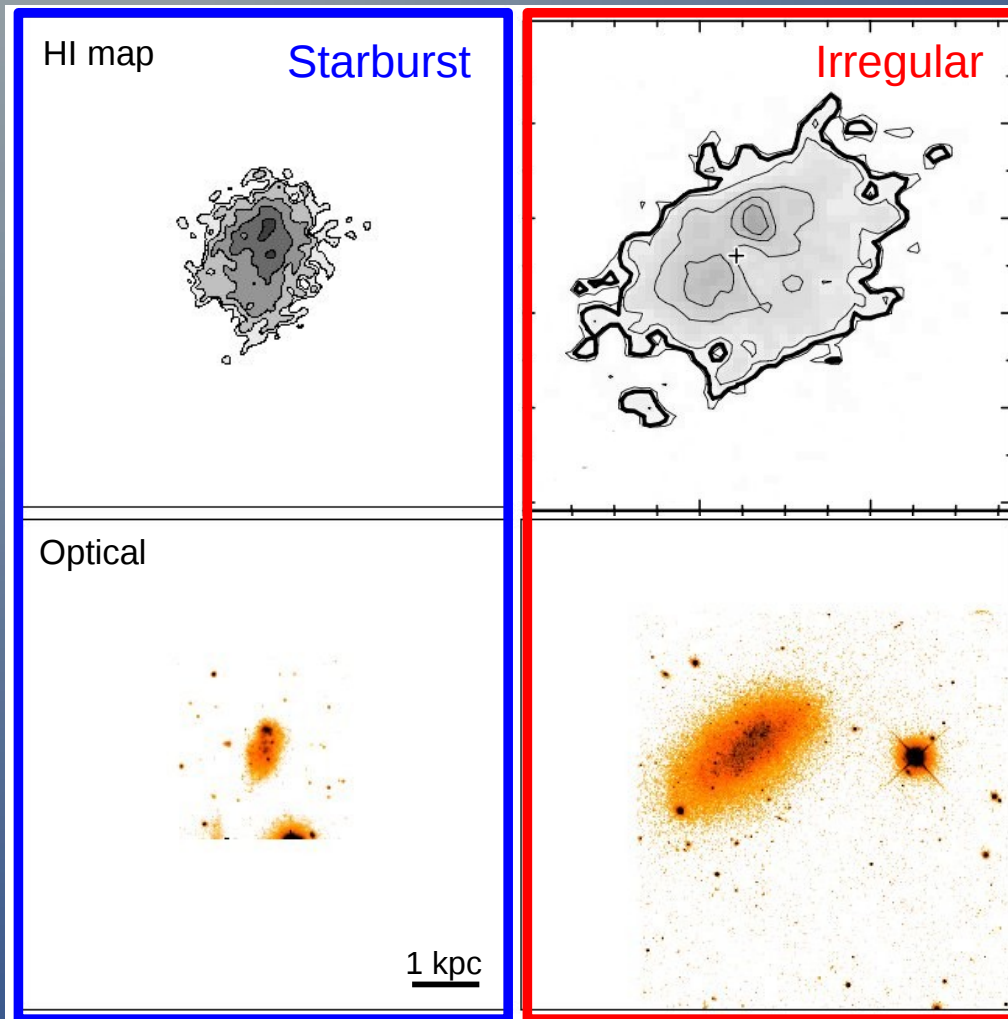


$$V_{\text{rot}} \simeq 20 \text{ km/s} \rightarrow M_{\text{dyn}} \simeq 10^8 M_{\odot}$$

Lelli et al. (2012a, b; 2014a, b)

See also Meurer+1998; van Zee+2001

# Rotation Curves: Starbursts vs Irrs



$$V_{\text{rot}} \simeq 20 \text{ km/s} \rightarrow M_{\text{dyn}} \simeq 10^8 M_{\odot}$$

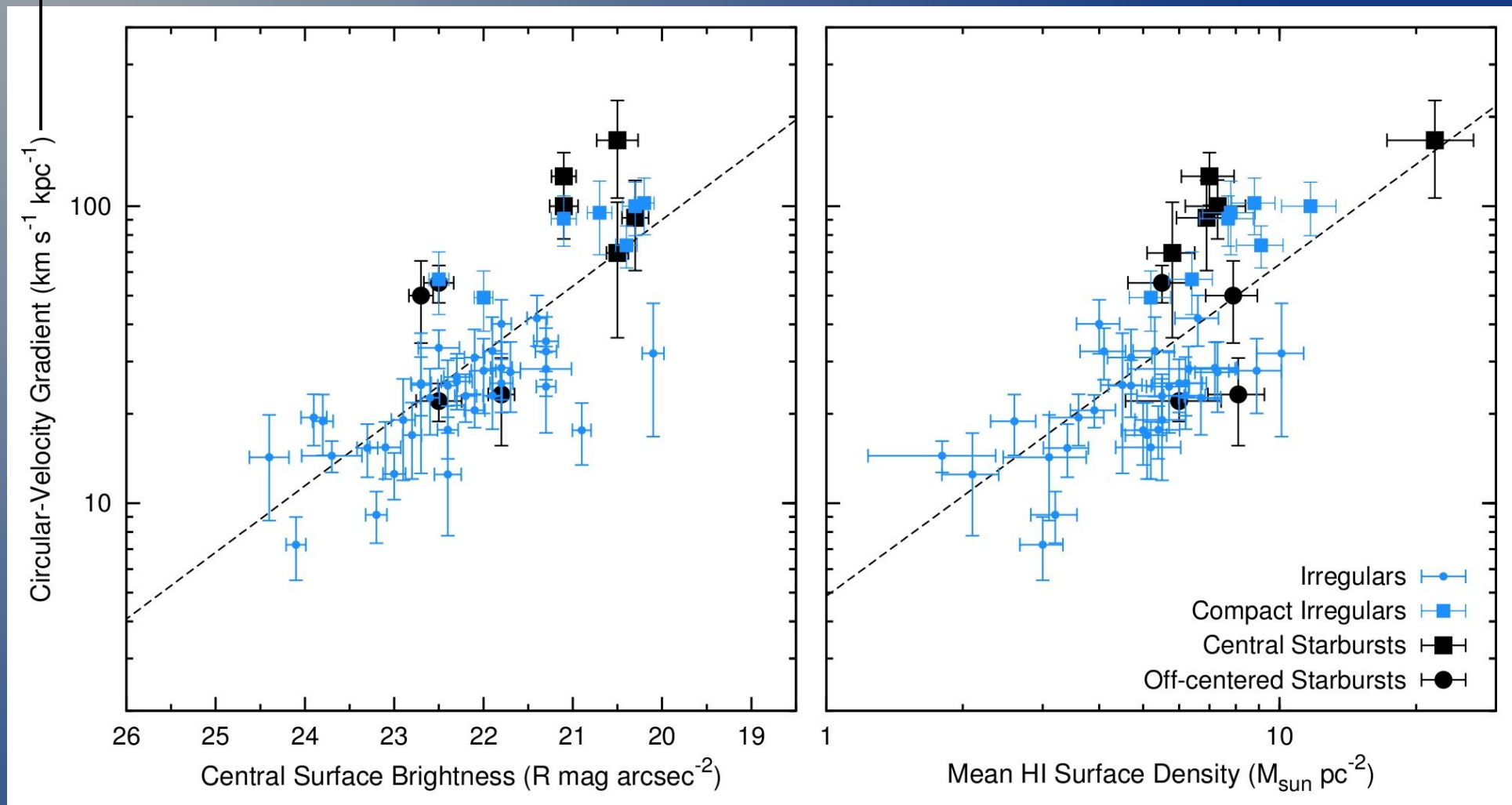
Lelli et al. (2012a, b; 2014a, b)  
See also Meurer+1998; van Zee+2001

$$dV/dR \simeq V(R_d)/R_d \propto \sqrt{\rho_0}$$

$\rho_0$  = central dynamical mass density  
(baryons and dark matter)

$$V(R_d)/R_d \propto \sqrt{\rho_0}$$

# Starbursts vs Irrs



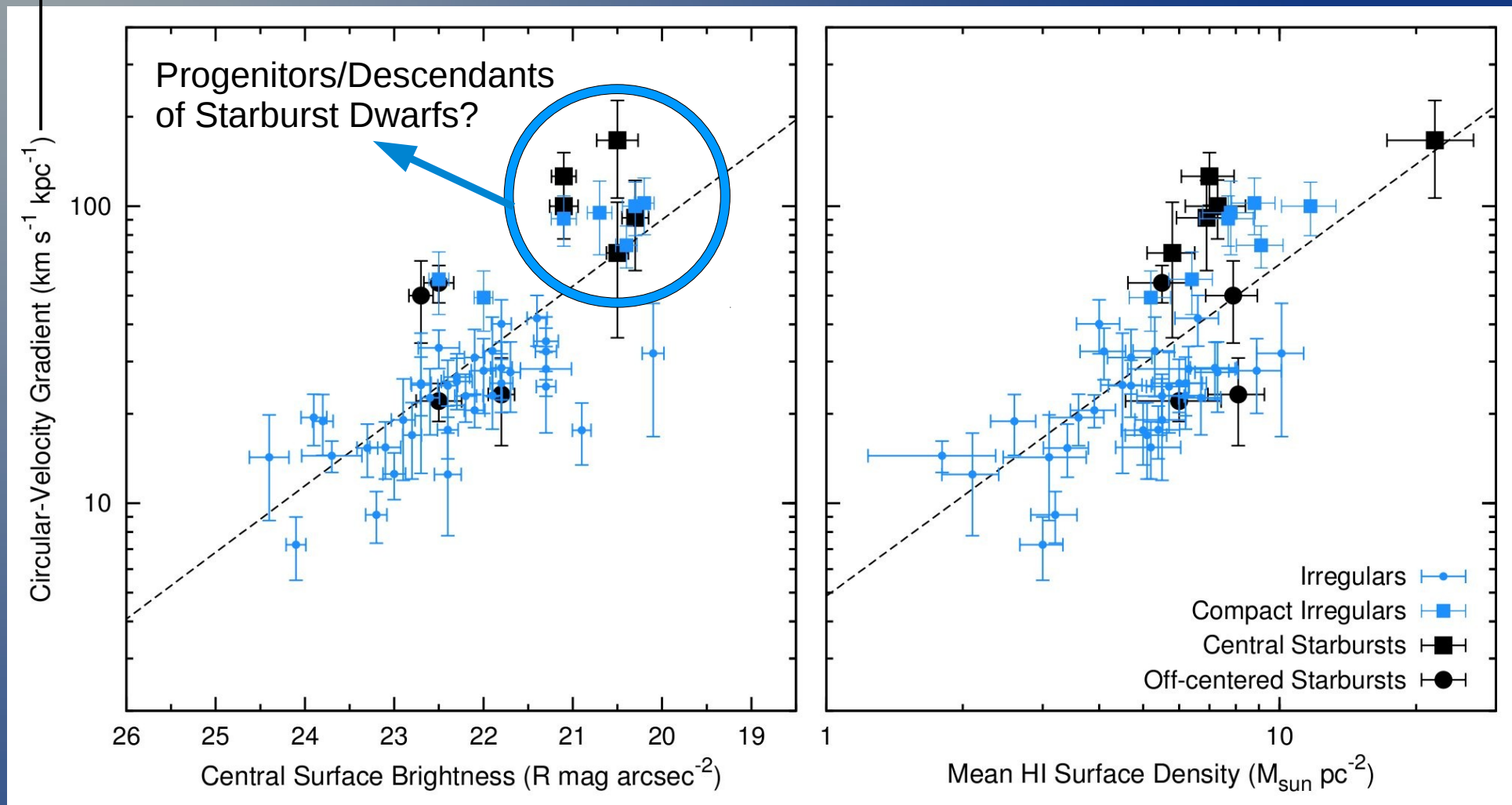
Link: Star Formation – inner potential well

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A

Irrs from Swaters et al. (2009)

$$V(R_d)/R_d \propto \sqrt{\rho_0}$$

# Starbursts vs Irrs



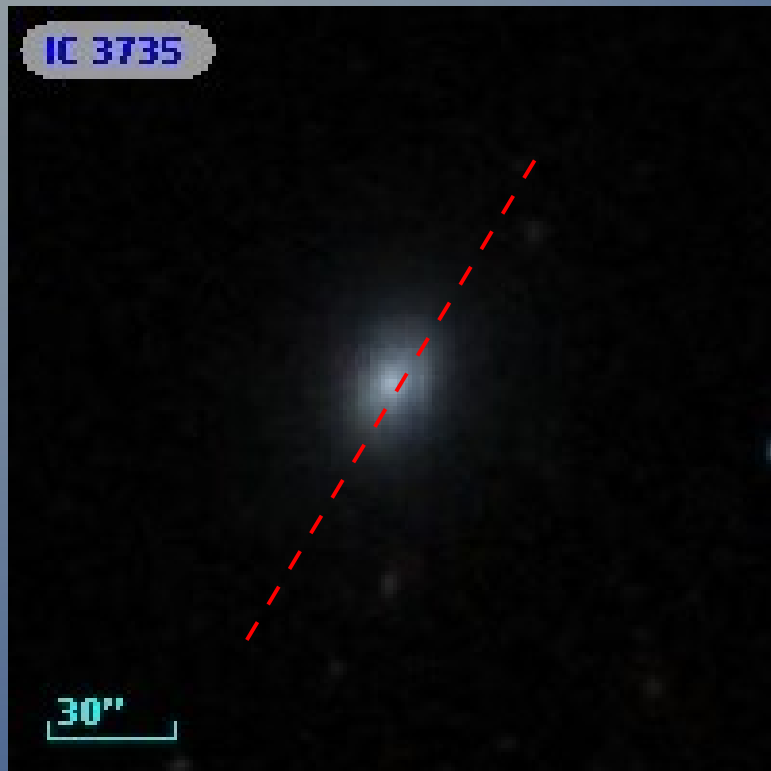
**Link:** Star Formation – inner potential well

**Compact Irrs** = similar  $\rho_0$  as starbursts

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A

Irrs from Swaters et al. (2009)

# Rotating Sph/dE in the Virgo Cluster



## Optical Spectroscopy:

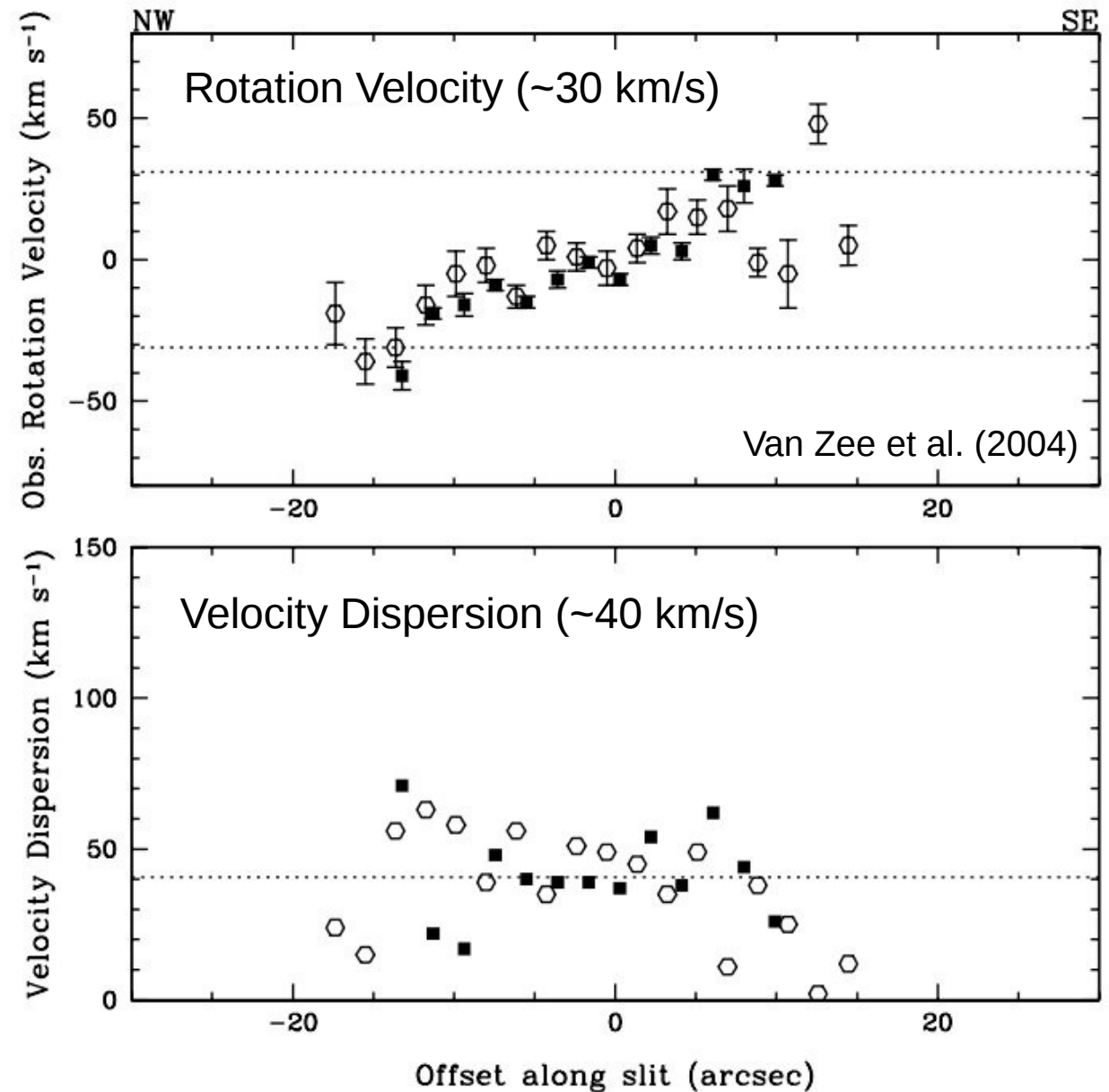
Geha et al. (2002, 2003)

van Zee et al. (2004)

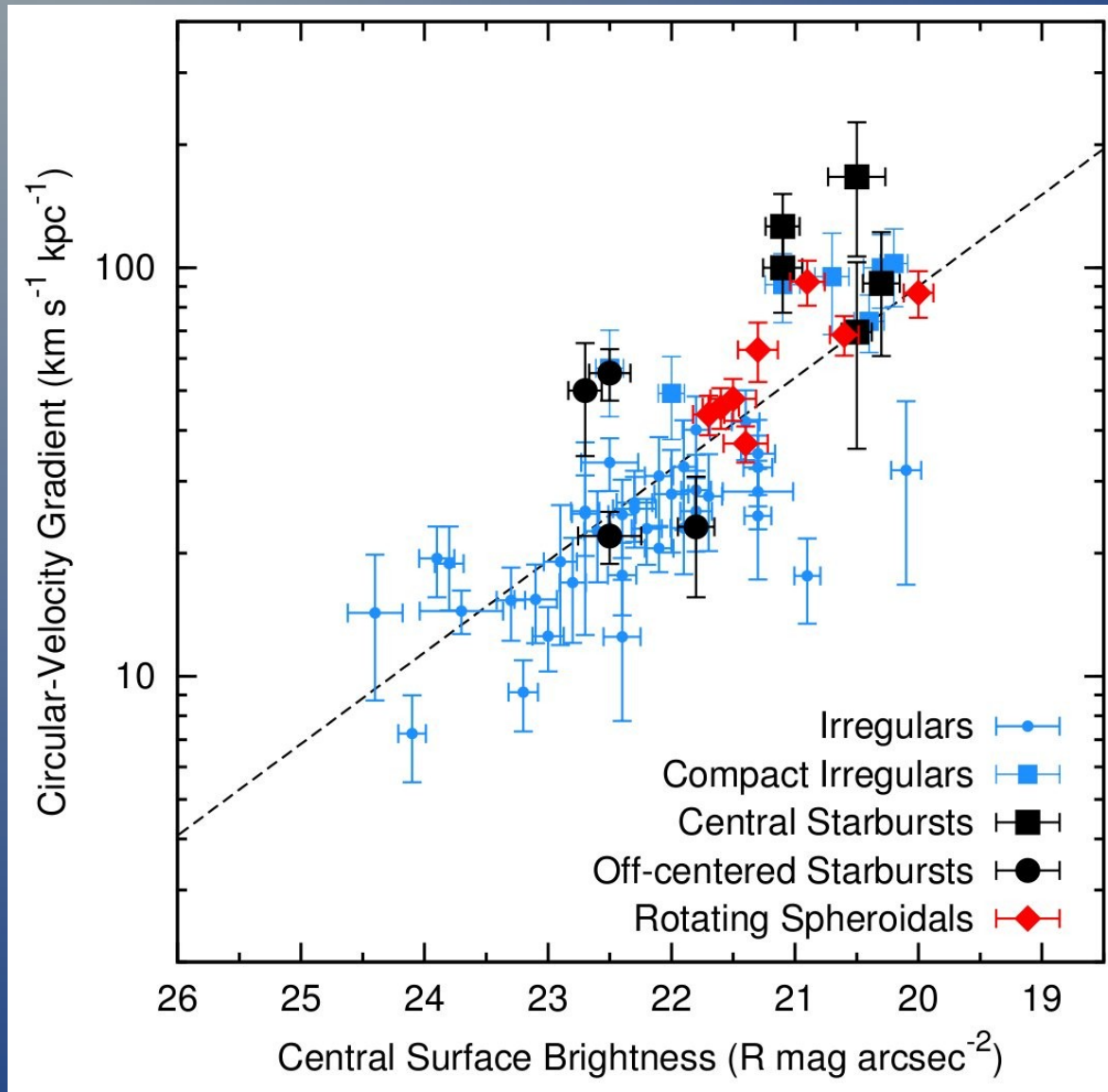
Chilingarian et al. (2007, 2009)

Toloba et al. (2011, 2012, 2014)

Rys et al. (2013, 2014)



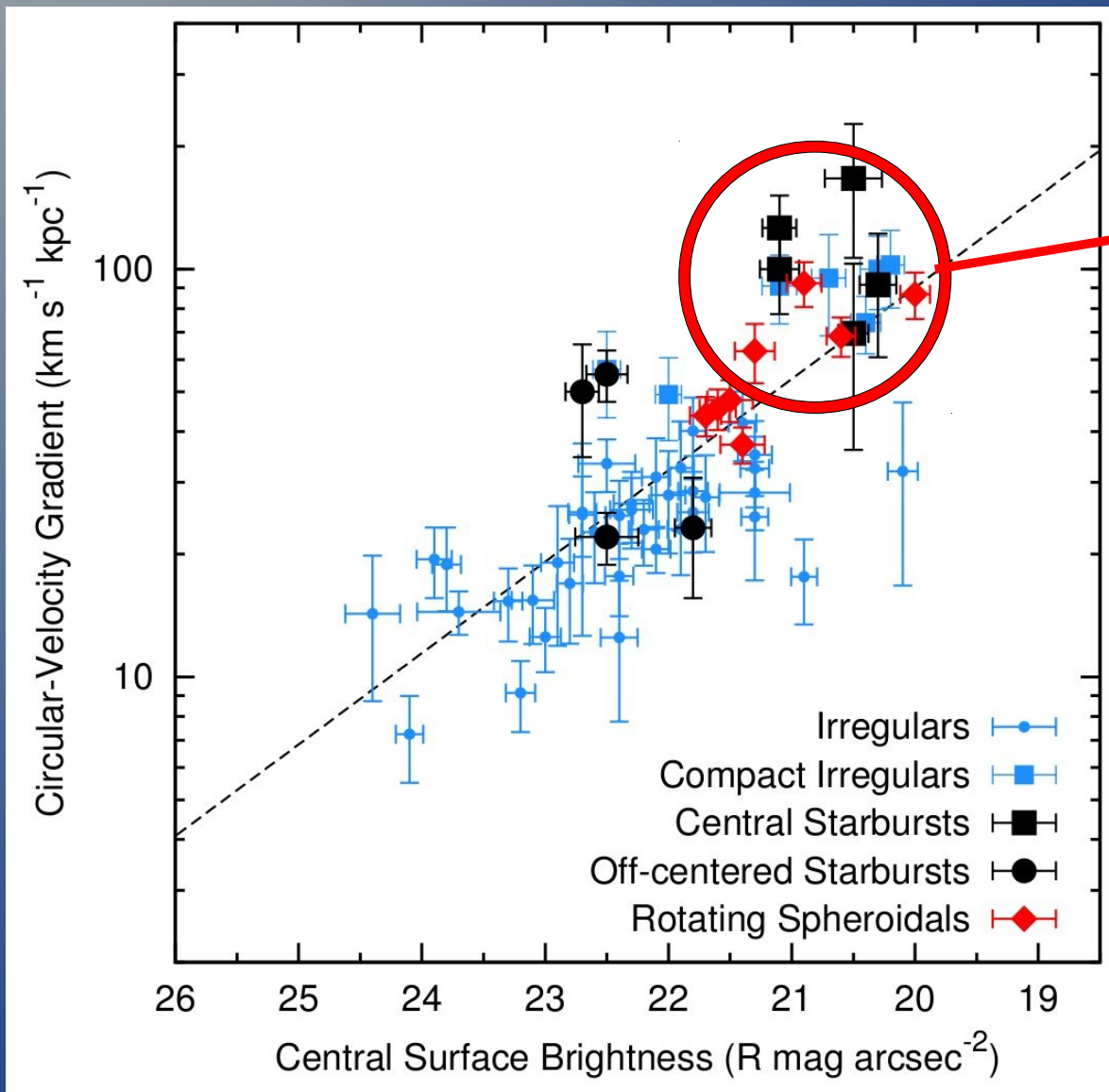
# Rotating Sph/dE in the Virgo Cluster



Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A

dEs from van Zee et al. (2004)

# Rotating Sph/dE in the Virgo Cluster



Descendants of  
Compact Dwarfs!  
Not of typical Irrs!?

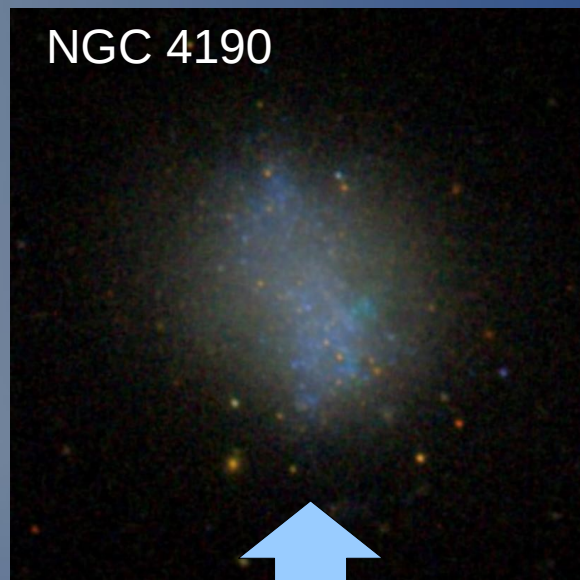
Providing that some  
external mechanism  
removes the gas.

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A  
dEs from van Zee et al. (2004)

## Typical LSB Irr



## Compact HSB Irr



## "Rotating" Sph/dE



Duty Cycle?



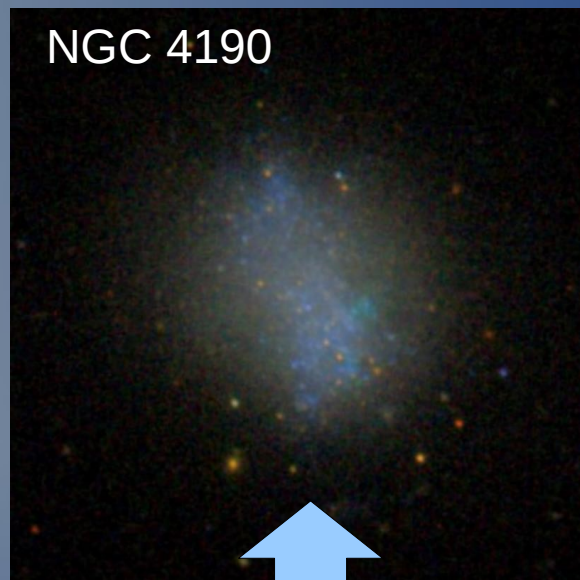
**Starburst (~5%?)**

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A

## Typical LSB Irr



## Compact HSB Irr



## "Rotating" Sph/dE



Duty Cycle?

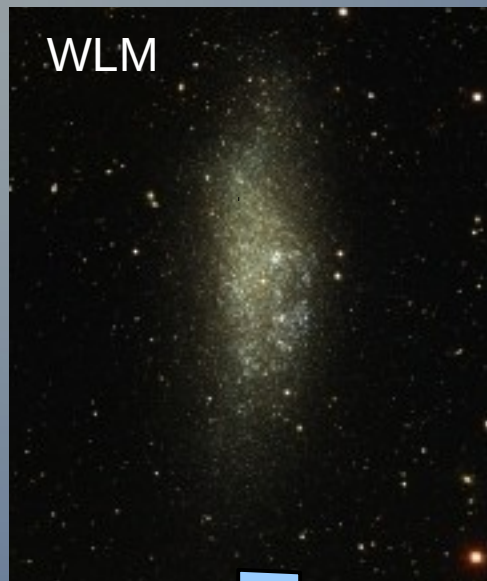
Compaction:  
Interactions?



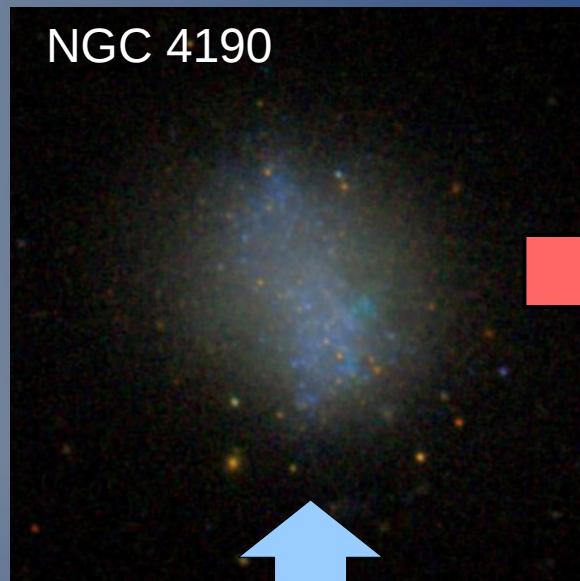
**Starburst (~5%?)**

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A

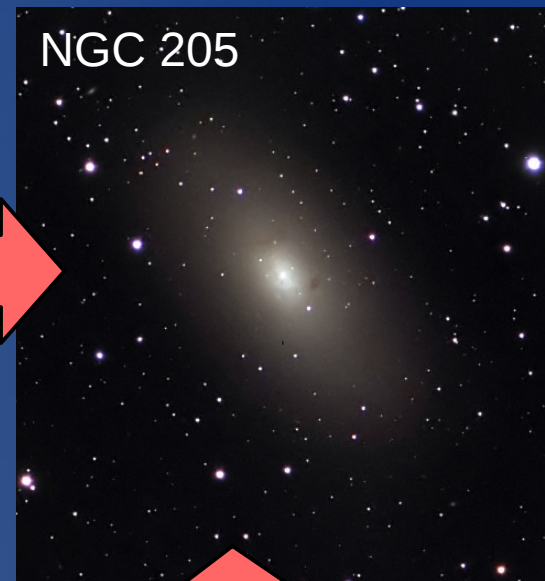
## Typical LSB Irr



## Compact HSB Irr



## "Rotating" Sph/dE



Duty Cycle?

Compaction:  
Interactions?



**Starburst (~5%?)**

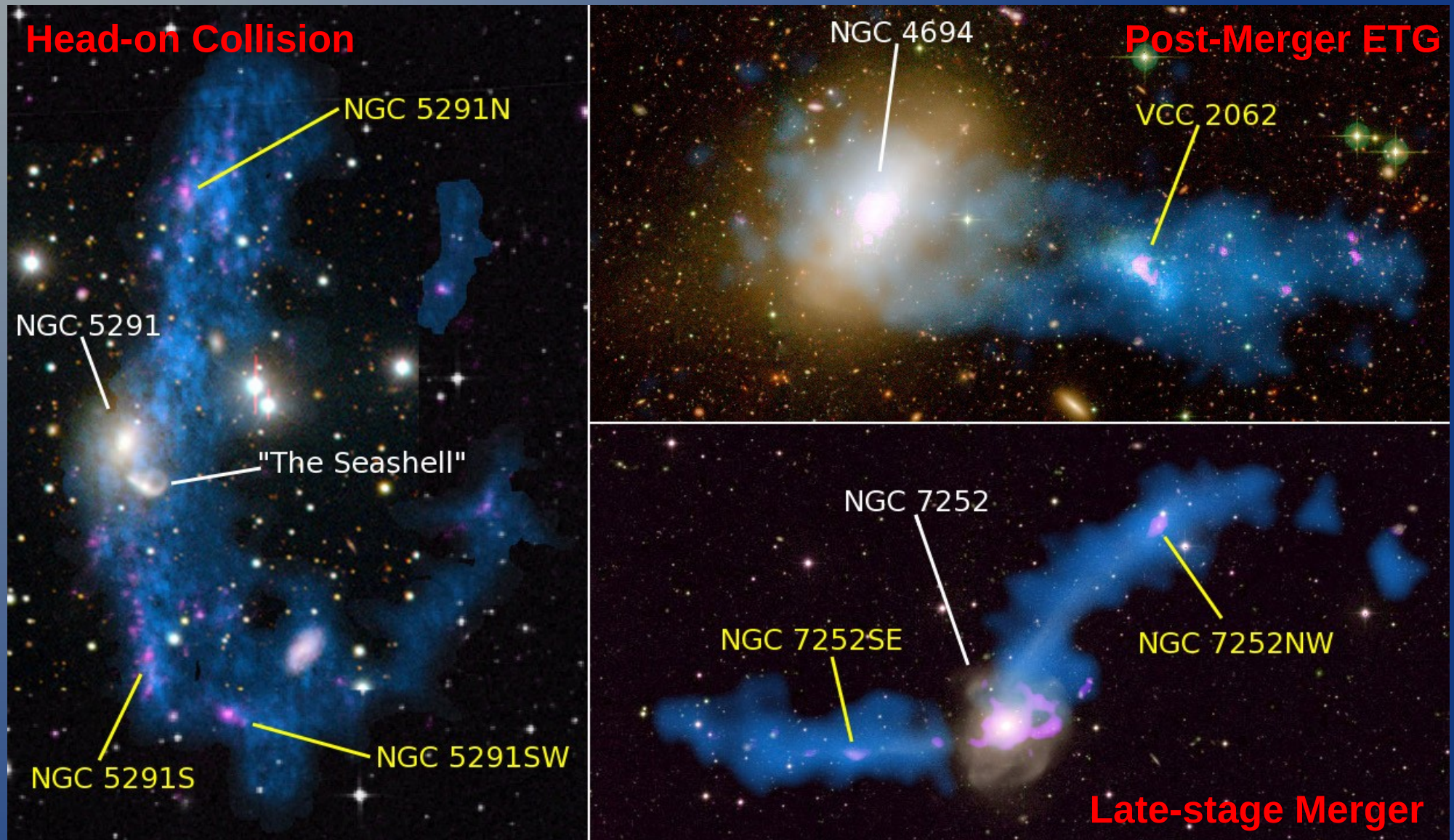
Quenching: Environment!

Lelli et al. (2014a), A&A



**OK, just two  
more slides...**

# Forming Dwarf Galaxies at $z=0$

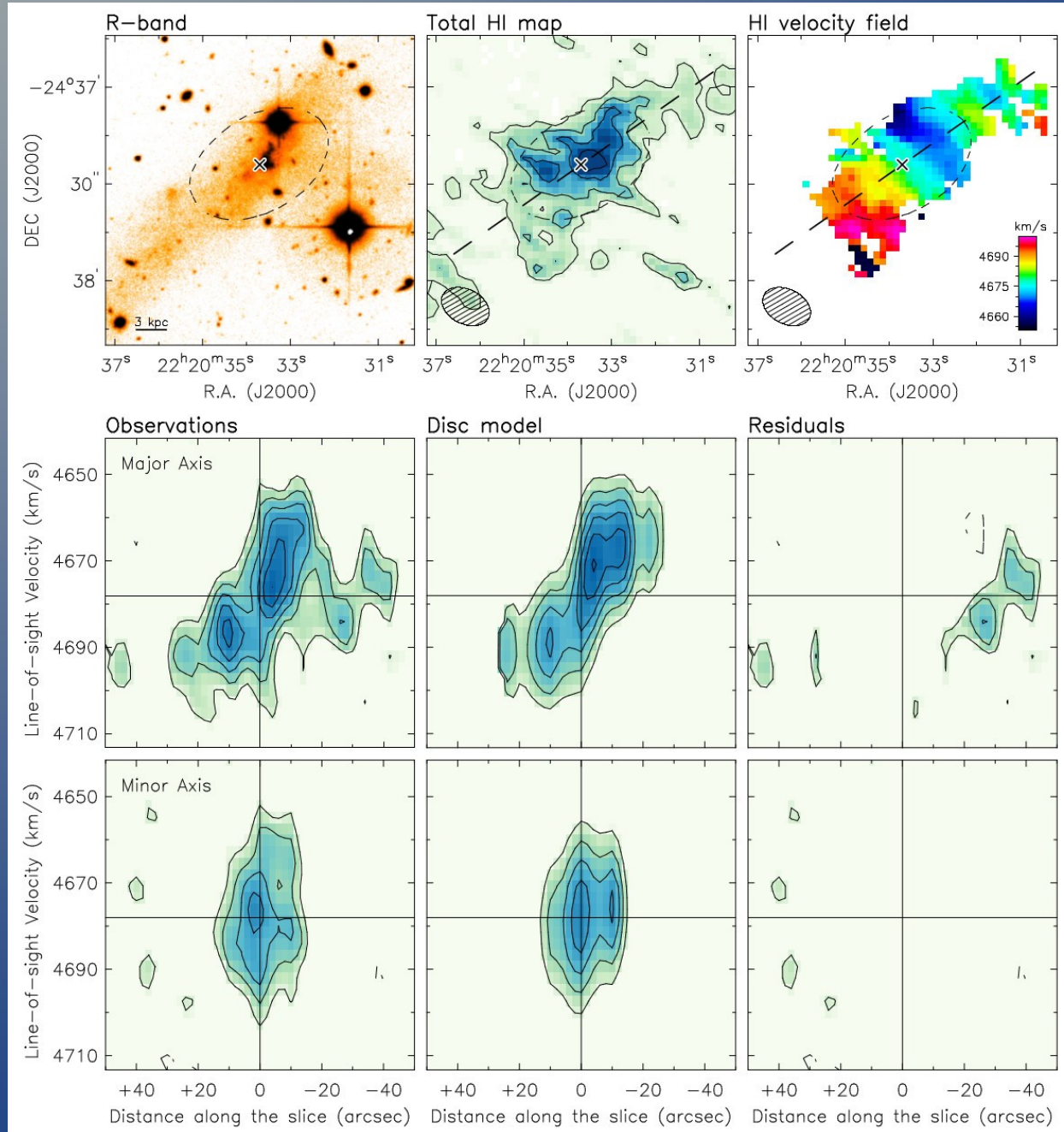


Blue = HI (VLA)  
Pink = FUV (GALEX)

Yellow = Tidal Dwarf Galaxies

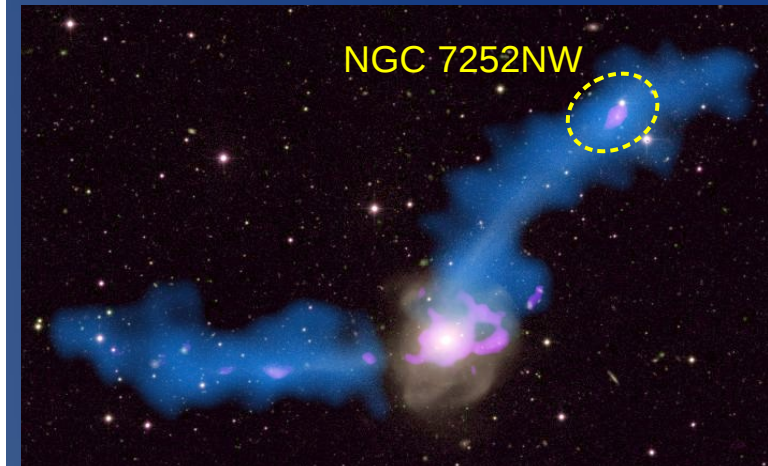
Lelli, Duc, Brinks et al. (2015), A&A

# Disk Models for Tidal Dwarf Galaxies



Lelli et al. (2015), A&A:

- High-Res. VLA data
- 3D kinematical model



$$V_{\text{rot}} \sim 20 \text{ km/s}$$

$$R_{\text{HI}} \sim 8 \text{ kpc}$$

$$M_{\text{gas}}/M_{*} \sim 8!!$$

# Conclusions on Dwarf Galaxies:

- Starbursts show NO evidence for massive outflows  
Irr/Starburst --> Sph/dE: only with external mechanisms
- Starbursts have high central mass concentrations  
Starburst/BCD <--> Compact Irr or Rotating Sph/dE
- Tidal Dwarfs can form during Major Mergers at  $z=0$   
Possible links with "normal" dwarfs to be understood!